

UN CRC	Ratification Date	Care-Related Concluding Observations
	9 Feb 1994	CRC/C/GAB/CO/2
		8 July 2016
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		CO%2f2⟪=en
		C. General principles (arts. 2, 3, 6 and 12)
		Non-discrimination
		22. The Committee is seriously concerned about the continuing de facto discrimination in access to basic services, such as health, education and social services, against children from poor communities, children from pygmy communities, orphans, children in street situations, children with HIV/AIDS, children with
I		disabilities, child victims of trafficking and asylum-seeking and refugee children. The Committee is also
		concerned about discrimination against lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex children.
		23. The Committee recommends that the State party prioritize investment in education, health and social services, taking into account the rights of children in vulnerable situations, including those living in remote and indigenous areas, and pay particular attention to guaranteeing effective access to health, education and social services to children from poor communities, children from indigenous pygmy communities, orphans, children in street situations, children infected with HIV/AIDS, children with disabilities, child victims of trafficking and asylum-seeking and refugee children. The Committee also recommends that the State party raise awareness of equality and non-discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity to foster a culture of tolerance and mutual respect.
		D. Civil rights and freedoms (arts. 7, 8 and 13-17) Birth registration
		26. The Committee welcomes the 2011 decree establishing free birth registration, the adoption of the national birth registration guidelines and the 2013 national cross-sectoral plan to achieve universal birth registration. However, it remains concerned about the insufficient implementation of the decree and the continuing direct and indirect costs associated with birth registration. The Committee is also concerned



about the high number of children still without access to birth certificates, in particular children in remote areas, pygmy children and children in vulnerable situations, such as children in street situations, child victims of trafficking and child refugees, and that this is partly due to the poor enforcement of the measures adopted.

- 27. The Committee recommends that the State party:
- (b) Take all measures necessary to promptly provide all children with a free birth certificate, in particular children in remote areas, indigenous children, children in street situations, child victims of trafficking and child refugees;

Corporal punishment

- 31. In the light of its general comment No. 8 (2006) on the right of the child to protection from corporal punishment and other cruel or degrading forms of punishment, the Committee urges the State party to prohibit all corporal punishment of children in all settings, including the home and in alternative and day-care settings, and to promote positive, non-violent and participatory forms of child-rearing and discipline among parents, as well as alternative-care and day-care personnel.
- F. Family environment and alternative care (arts. 5, 9-11, 18 (1) and (2), 20-21, 25 and 27 (4))

Family environment

- 40. The Committee notes the measures taken by the State party to support young mothers, such as social contributions and mandatory health insurance, and the creation of nurseries and preschools providing free childcare. The Committee is, however, concerned about children of families in need not receiving sufficient social assistance. The Committee is also concerned about the negative consequences of polygamy in the education and development of children.
- 41. The Committee recommends that the State party:
 - (a) Strengthen social services at the national and local levels and increase social benefits to provide adequate support to children of families in need, with a view to diminishing their vulnerabilities;



(b) Ensure that all provisions in its legislation that discriminate against women and ultimately have a negative impact on their children, such as provisions authorizing polygamy, be repealed and that mothers and fathers equally share the legal responsibility for their children in accordance with article 18 (1) of the Convention.
Children deprived of a family environment
42. The Committee notes that the concept of extended family in the State party provides additional protection to children, but also notes that in urban settings the concept of family and its structure are rapidly changing, leaving children no longer under the protection of the community. The Committee is concerned about:
(a) The steady decrease in the resources allocated to social support services for children;
(b) The lack of alternatives to institutionalization of children deprived of a family environment;
(c) The lack of regulation of intercountry adoption, which may result in violations of children's rights.
43. Drawing the State party's attention to the Guidelines for the Alternative Care of Children, the Committee recommends that the State party:
(a) Ensure that adequate human, technical and financial resources are allocated to child protection services, including the social assistance service of the Ministry of Justice, the Centre for Children in Difficult Circumstances and the noninstitutional supervision of children (Action éducative en milieu ouvert, AEMO), to facilitate the rehabilitation and social reintegration of children deprived of a family environment;
(b) Establish a system of foster care for children who cannot stay with their families, with a view to reducing the institutionalization of children and support and facilitate family-based care for children wherever possible;



- (c) Consider ratifying the Hague Convention on Protection of Children and Cooperation in Respect of Intercountry Adoption.
- G. Disability, basic health and welfare (arts. 6, 18 (3), 23, 24, 26, 27 (1)-(3) and 33)

Children with disabilities

- 44. The Committee notes the sectoral measures taken by the State party regarding health, education, nutrition, recreation and protection of children with disabilities. However, the Committee is seriously concerned about:
 - (e) The abandonment of children with disabilities by their parents or families;
- 45. In the light of its general comment No. 9 (2006) on the rights of children with disabilities, the Committee urges the State party to adopt a human rights-based approach to disability and set up a comprehensive strategy for the inclusion of children with disabilities, including to:
 - (e) Combat the root causes for the abandonment of boys and girls with disabilities and provide adequate community-based services and assistance to parents and families, including in rural areas;

Trafficking and abduction

- 66. The Committee notes the measures taken by the State party prohibiting the trafficking of children, the adoption of anti-trafficking guidelines and the national policy to fight child trafficking and the creation of provincial committees to prevent and fight child trafficking. However, the Committee is concerned about:
- (a) National legislation, in particular Act No. 09/2004, not being fully harmonized with international law, in particular article 3 of the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime;
- (b) The failure of the judiciary to prosecute suspects and sanction perpetrators of child trafficking, even though 700 children were identified as victims of trafficking and repatriated to their countries of origin;



(c) The delay in establishing the National Anti-Trafficking and Prevention Council as envisaged in the Trafficking Act; (d) The limited capacities of the provincial committees to effectively prevent and fight child trafficking and provide support to child victims; (e) The lack of bilateral agreements between the State party and countries of origin of children trafficked, in particular Benin, Mali, Nigeria and Togo. 67. The Committee recommends that the State party: (a) Review Act No. 09/2004 in accordance with the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, supplementing the United Nations Convention against **Transnational Organized Crime;** (b) Review the procedure under the Criminal Code to promptly prosecute and try suspects of child trafficking and duly sanction perpetrators and ensure redress for each child victim; (c) Promptly establish the National Anti-Trafficking and Prevention Council envisaged in the Trafficking Act as responsible for implementing, monitoring and evaluating activities to combat all types of human trafficking, including trafficking of children; (d) Strengthen the provincial committees to prevent and fight child trafficking and provide adequate support to child victims; (e) Sign bilateral agreements with the countries of origin of the children trafficked, in particular Benin, Mali, Nigeria and Togo, which should include measures to facilitate judicial proceedings against suspects of child trafficking and support to child victims. Administration of juvenile justice



- 68. The Committee welcomes Act No. 39/2010 creating a dedicated court system for children, recognizing children in conflict with the law as victims, giving priority to reeducation and reintegration, considering deprivation of liberty as a measure of last resort, assigning a role to social workers during judicial proceedings and providing legal assistance to children. The Committee is, however, concerned about the ineffective implementation of the law, in particular that:
- (a) The dedicated juvenile justice system is not yet fully in place, in particular juvenile courts are not separated from adult courts, law enforcement officials still lack knowledge about children's rights, alternatives to detention do not exist and social workers do not systematically visit children in detention;
 - (b) Children are not separated from adults in all detention or prison facilities;
 - (c) A policy for the social reinsertion of children in conflict with the law is lacking.
- 69. In the light of its general comment No. 10 (2007) on children's rights in juvenile justice, the Committee recommends that the State party:
- (a) Take the measures necessary to effectively implement Act No. 39/2010 of 2010, including by creating separate courts and a body of law enforcement officials specialized in the rights of the child and international standards in the administration of justice for children, and ensure that social workers regularly visit children in detention;
- (b) Expeditiously establish separate child custody facilities in all detention and prison centres in all provinces;
- (c) Develop a policy for the social reinsertion of children in conflict with the law and promote alternative measures to detention, such as diversion, probation, mediation, counselling or community service, wherever possible, and ensure that detention is used as a last resort and for the shortest possible period of time and that it is reviewed on a regular basis with a view to withdrawing it.
- (d) Make use of the technical assistance tools developed by the Interagency Panel on Juvenile Justice and its members, including the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, UNICEF, OHCHR and non-



		governmental organizations, and seek technical assistance in the area of juvenile justice from members of the Panel.
		Country Report
		CRC/C/GAB/2 http://tbinternet.ohchr.org/_layouts/treatybodyexternal/Download.aspx?symbolno=CRC%2fC%2fGAB%2f2⟪ =en
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OPAC to CRC	Ratification Date 21 Sep 2010	Care-Related Concluding Observations
ICCPR	Accession Date	Care-Related Concluding Observations
ICESCR	21 Jan 1983 Ratification Date	Care-Related Concluding Observations
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CEDAW	Ratification Date	Care-Related Concluding Observations
CRPD	Accession Date	Care-Related Concluding Observations
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III. Principal areas of concern and recommendations

B. Specific rights (arts. 5-30)

Children with disabilities (art. 7)

16. The Committee is concerned that girls and boys with disabilities do not have access to services to ensure their development, protection and participation, such as suitable health care and education services, in particular in rural areas. It is also concerned at the inadequacy of resources to strengthen support services and information to families of girls and boys with disabilities to ensure their inclusion in the home and in the community.

17. The Committee recommends that the State party review the situation of girls and boys with disabilities in terms of their access to suitable health care and education services; allocate adequate resources to strengthen support services for girls and boys with disabilities and their families so as to raise awareness among parents and the community; and train professionals in the field.

Liberty and security of the person (art. 14)

- 32. The Committee is concerned about the involuntary detention of persons in specialized institutions on the basis of their impairment and the deprivation of liberty based on disability, including psychosocial disability.
- 33. The Committee recommends that the State party repeal all legislation that authorizes institutionalization without the free and informed consent of the person, including cases where consent is substituted by a third party, and laws that allow for the deprivation of liberty on the basis of disability.



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Liberty of movement and nationality (art. 18)

- 42. The Committee is concerned about the absence of data on the number of children with disabilities whose birth is not registered and who may not have identity documents, in particular girls.
- 43. The Committee strongly recommends that the State party adopt the necessary measures to ensure that the birth of all children with disabilities is recorded and promptly initiate programmes to provide identity documents to all persons with disabilities.

Living independently and being included in the community (art. 19)

- 44. The Committee is concerned that community-based services aimed at enabling persons with disabilities to live and participate in the community with choices equal to others have yet to be developed. It is also concerned about the lack of measures aimed at persons with disabilities who are abandoned by their families, especially in and around the capital in so-called "cités".
- 45. The Committee recommends that the State party develop comprehensive community-based services for persons with disabilities in close cooperation with them and their representative organizations, including in particular personal assistance services. The Committee also recommends that the State party adopt the necessary measures to prevent isolation or segregation of persons with disabilities from the community by being hidden in the family, in segregated institutions or in the so-called "cités".

Respect for the home and family (art. 23)

- 50. The Committee is concerned that article 204 of the Civil Code restricts persons with psychosocial disabilities (referred to as "aliénés interdits") from marrying on an equal basis with others. The Committee is also concerned about:
 - (a) the inadequate support measures for parents with disabilities to exercise their parental rights; and
 - (b) the fact that parents of children with disabilities are not able to access specific support for health, education and training.



		with others. The Committee also recommends that the State party: (a) provide support to parents with disabilities to enable them to exercise their full parental rights; and (b) allocate adequate resources to strengthen services for children with disabilities, to support their families and to train professionals in the field. Country Report CRPD/C/GAB/1 14 July 2014 http://tbinternet.ohchr.org/_layouts/treatybodyexternal/Download.aspx?symbolno=CR PD%2fC%2fGAB%2f1⟪=en
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	23 Oct 2012	
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Acronyms and Abbreviations:

CEDAW	Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women
CRC	Convention on the Rights of the Child/Committee on the Rights of the Child
CRPD	Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities



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ICCRP International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

OPAC to CRC Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Involvement of Children in Armed Conflict

OPSC to CRC Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography

UN United Nations

UPR Universal Periodic Review