### III. Main areas of concern and recommendations

#### C. General principles (arts. 2, 3, 6 and 12)

**Non-discrimination**

21. The Committee recalls its previous concluding observations (see CRC/C/15/Add.149, para. 33) and recommends that the State party:

...  
(c) Take legislative measures to ensure that children of non-Palauan parentage, including children of immigrant families and children adopted through intercountry adoptions, are afforded the same rights and access to health, education and social services as Palauan children.

#### E. Violence against children (arts. 19, 24 (3), 28 (2), 34, 37 (a) and 39)

**Abuse and neglect**

28. The Committee notes with appreciation the amendments to the Penal Code increasing penalties for offences against children and the ongoing review of the Family Protection Act. The Committee however remains seriously concerned that:
(a) There is no dedicated leading body responsible for policy development and the monitoring of child protection services, leaving child protection intervention measures weak in law and in practice;
(b) There are no systems, shelters or foster homes in place to accommodate children, especially child victims of violence;
(c) The training on laws, protocols and guidelines for personnel working with child victims of violence is inadequate.

29. With reference to its general comment No. 13 (2011) on the right of the child to freedom from all forms of violence and taking note of target 16.2 of the Sustainable Development Goal on ending abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children, the Committee urges the State party to:
   (a) Expedite the revision of the Family Protection Act and its plan of action and allocate sufficient resources for their implementation;
   (b) Establish a dedicated body that takes the lead role in policy development and the monitoring of child protection services and provide it with adequate resources;
   (c) Strengthen, through legislation and improved inter-agency cooperation, the child protection system, to ensure that it addresses child abuse and violence against and exploitation of children and provides for assessment, identification, referral, counselling and rehabilitation services;
   (d) Provide sufficient resources for the setting up of shelters, safe homes and foster care for children subjected to violence, where possible, seeking assistance from and collaboration with development partners and non-governmental organizations (NGOs);
   (e) Scale up training on laws, protocols and guidelines for the Bureau of Public Safety, health-care providers and others who work with and for children;
   (f) Take all necessary measures to ensure that the Bureau of Public Safety has adequate human, technical and financial resources, in particular, staff specializing in cases of violence against and abuse and exploitation of children.

F. Family environment and alternative care (arts. 5, 9–11, 18 (1) and (2), 20, 21, 25 and 27 (4))

Children deprived of a family environment
34. The Committee is concerned that there are no alternative care options, such as foster care, available in cases where the extended family does not take care of the children and that there is no legal framework, policy or set of minimum standards in place regulating alternative care for children. The Committee is also concerned that there is no monitoring of children placed with the extended family.

35. Drawing the State party’s attention to the Guidelines for the Alternative Care of Children, the Committee recommends that the State party:
   (a) Develop an alternative care policy and minimum standards for regulating alternative care for children;
   (b) Provide all necessary resources, social welfare services and support for children in kinship/extended family care;
   (c) Establish a legal framework, a policy and a set of minimum standards for monitoring family based care for children;
   (d) Establish an alternative care system for children who cannot stay with their families;
   (e) Establish quality standards for all available forms of alternative care and take children’s views into consideration when making any decisions about alternative care;
   (f) Ensure the periodic review of the placement of children in out-of-home care and monitor the quality of care therein, including by providing for the reporting and remedying of ill-treatment of children.

Adoption

36. The Committee is seriously concerned that:
   (a) There is no specific law on adoption and no body formally responsible for overseeing the adoption process;
   (b) Formal registration through a court procedure is not enforced in cases where children are adopted through traditional/customary adoption by their extended family or members of the same community.

37. The Committee urges the State party to:
(a) Enact a law on adoption and establish an adequately resourced unit to oversee the formal adoption process, including liaising with child adoption agencies in other countries in cases of intercountry adoption;
(b) Ensure that legal safeguards and formal registration through a court procedure are in place where children are adopted by their extended family or members of the same community;
(c) Increase awareness at the community level of formal adoption as an alternative to traditional/customary adoption;
(d) Consider ratifying the Hague Convention on Protection of Children and Cooperation in respect of Intercountry Adoption.

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**Acronyms and Abbreviations:**

- **CEDAW**: Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women
- **CRC**: Convention on the Rights of the Child/Committee on the Rights of the Child
- **CRPD**: Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities
- **ICCRP**: International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
- **ICESCR**: International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
- **OPAC to CRC**: Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Involvement of Children in Armed Conflict
- **UN**: United Nations
- **UPR**: Universal Periodic Review